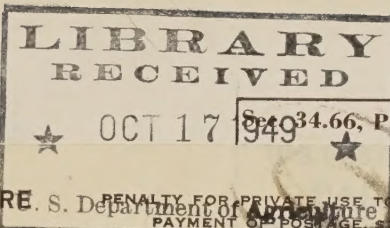


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BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS



ABELIA grandiflora. Glossy Abelia. Florida plantings would look bare without the Abelia, for its small, shiny, bronze-green foliage and arching stems, clothed with clusters of little fragrant, rose white flowers, borne almost continually, make it exceedingly valuable for mass or foundation planting either in full sun or partial shade. The Abelia is one of the very best hedge plants for the Southeast, being free from pests and shearing well.

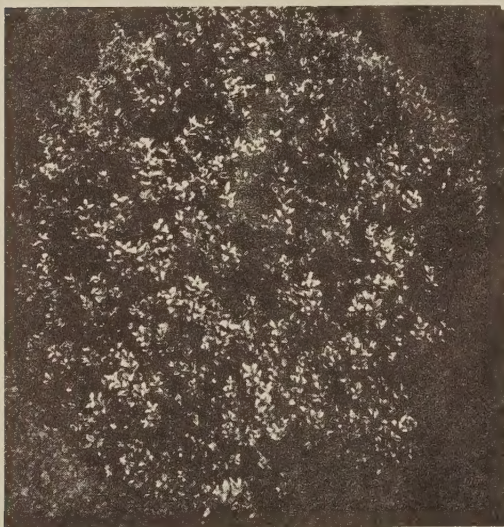
Bare roots	Each
18 to 24 in. . . . .	.25
2 to 3 ft. . . . .	.35
3 to 4 ft. . . . .	.50
B&B Double the above prices	

ARDISIA crenulata. Christmas Berry. Excellent grown in a shady place. Bright red berries borne at Christmas time.

	Each
8 to 12 in. B&B . . . . .	.75
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B	3.00

BERBERIS Sargentiana. Sargent's Barberry. An evergreen shrub with leaves of several shades of green on the new shoots. About 6 feet high when full grown.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B . . . . .	.75
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.10
24 to 30 in. B&B	1.50



Buxus

BUXUS japonica. Japanese Boxwood. Medium green, close-growing, evergreen shrub for hedges or tub use. Grows rapidly.

	Each
8 to 12 in. B&B . . . . .	.55
12 to 15 in. B&B . . . . .	.85
15 to 18 in. B&B	1.50
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.50
24 to 30 in. B&B	3.00

B. sempervirens. English Boxwood. The very popular variety so much used for edging and formal gardens. Glossy, dark green foliage.

	Each
8 to 12 in. B&B . . . . .	.55
12 to 15 in. B&B . . . . .	.85
15 to 18 in. B&B	1.50
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.50
24 to 30 in. B&B	3.00



CALLISTEMON rigidus. Bottle-Brush. Very distinctive, long, bright red flowers in the shape of a bottle-brush. Leaves long and very narrow. Hardy in the South.

Cans 18 to 24 in. 1.50 Each

CLEYERA japonica. A fine evergreen with fragrant, white flowers and dark, glossy green leaves with red midrib. Red berries in winter.

12 to 18 in. B&B . . . . .	.80
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.50
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00

CAMELLIA Thea. Tea Plant. A hardy evergreen plant with fragrant white flowers. Very good in moist, shady places.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.25
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	3.00



ELAEGNUS pungens. A most satisfactory evergreen shrub. Leaves are dark green above, silvery beneath, with brown scales. Fragrant flowers and red fruit. Vigorous growth.

	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.25
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	2.50



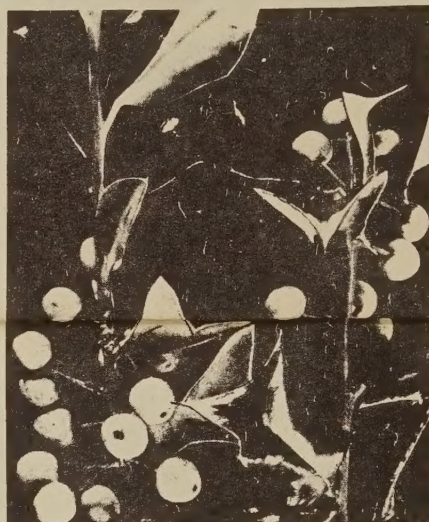
FEIJOA Sellowiana. Pineapple Guava. A very interesting, compact-growing evergreen for foundations or borders. Dark green foliage with purplish red flowers often hidden beneath.

	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.50
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	3.50



GARDENIA florida. Cape Jasmine. The well-loved favorite of the South. Everybody knows its fragrant white flowers and shiny dark leaves.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.25



ILEX cornuta. Chinese Holly. Evergreen shrub with shining leaves and strong spines. Blooms in June and July. Scarlet berries.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.25
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.75
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.50

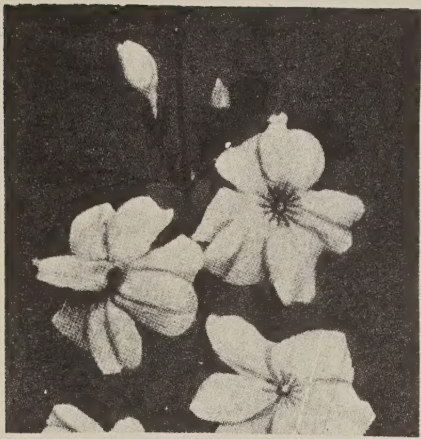


Ilex vomitoria. Yaupon. Very good for foundation planting or borders. Can be pruned to any desired shape. Compact and bushy; red berries.

Sheared columnar plants.	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.50
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	3.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	4.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	6.00
6 to 8 ft. B&B	10.00

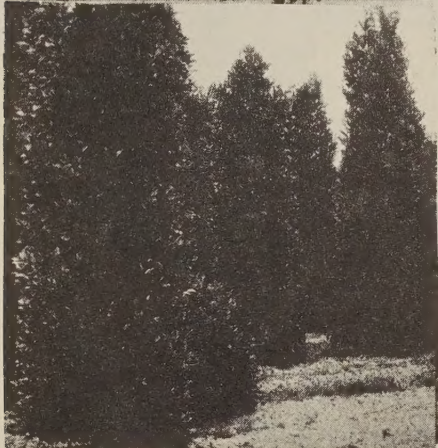
MAGNOLIA FUSCATA
(Banana Shrub)

12 to 18 in. B&B	1.25
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.00



Jasminum primulinum. Primrose Jasmine. Gracefully drooping, arching branches. Evergreen.

Bare roots	Each
18 to 24 in. . . . .	.75
2 to 3 ft.	1.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.50



LAUROCERASUS caroliniana. Cherry Laurel. A very fine native evergreen shrub with dark green, glossy foliage and small, fragrant flowers in close racemes. Glossy, greenish black fruit. A slow grower but eventually attains large size. Sheared columnar specimens.

(Sheared)	Each
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	2.50
4 to 5 ft. B&B	4.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	5.00
6 to 8 ft. B&B	7.00
8 to 10 ft. B&B	10.00



MAHONIA Bealei. Holly Grape; Leather-leaf Grape. A Japanese Barberry. Leaves very broad, with five pairs of leaflets. Flowers yellow, in long spikes during the first three months of the year, followed by dark purple berries. A magnificent evergreen. This splendid plant thrives in almost any situation, but does better in partial shade, where the ground is well drained.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.50
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B	4.00



NANDINA domestica. Heavenly Bamboo. A most desirable Japanese shrub and a favorite in Florida gardens. Densely clothed with compound leaflets, bronzy red when young, dark green at maturity, and with beautiful copper-red tones in the winter. Topped with great showy clusters of red berries in winter, but more than one plant is necessary to secure berries. Adapted to full sun or part shade.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.50
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	4.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	5.00

PITTOSPORUM Tobira. A wide-spreading, dense, round-headed shrub, with deep, glossy green foliage, excellent for massing against the house or wall, or a fine large hedge. In the winter it is covered with small, fragrant, white flowers, resembling orange blossoms.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.10
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.75
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.75

P. Tobira variegata. A beautiful form of the above species with the exception that the leaves are variegated with white.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.75
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.25

OLEA fragrans. Sweet Olive. Large, medium green foliage and small, white, extremely fragrant flowers in clusters, whose cloying sweetness will betray their presence in the garden before you see the plant. Will stand sun near the coast. Partial shade inland.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.50
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B	4.00

PHOTINIA glabra. A very handsome hardy evergreen shrub which will grow to a height of 10 feet. The new foliage is wine colored and most attractive.

PHOTINIA serrulata. Grows to a much greater height than Glabra. For all Florida there is no finer large evergreen shrub than this magnificent plant. At all times it is clothed with dark shining, 8 inch leaves, which are dotted during the fall and winter with occasional red leaves, and in the spring the plant becomes a solid mass of great 6 inch heads of white flowers.

Above two varieties:

	Each
18-24"	\$1.50
2-3 ft.	2.00



PYRACANTHA coccinea Lalandi. Firethorn. A beautiful subvariety of evergreen Burning-Bush. Covered with a profusion of white flowers in early spring, followed by bright orange berries which hang on all winter. May be trained against walls, buildings, and over arched gateways, making a pleasing effect.

	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.50
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.50
3 to 4 ft. B&B	5.00

P. formosana. This is one of the largest and most vigorous growers in the Pyracanthas and has probably the most attractive foliage, larger and finer than most other kinds. This variety varies a great deal if grown from seed. We grow plants only from cuttings taken from one type, which bears great masses of brilliant red berries in immense quantities all over the plant. The most popular red-berried variety.

Above two varieties:

	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	\$1.50
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.50
3 to 4 ft. B&B	5.00

SEVERINIA buxifolia. A small-leaved shrub with sweet flowers followed by black berries. A good hedge plant.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.50



Viburnum macrophyllum. Big-leaf Viburnum. An upright grower with shiny foliage and white flowers.

V. suspensum. A shrub from the South Sea Islands with a luxuriant mass of shiny dark leaves. Adaptable either to sun or shade.

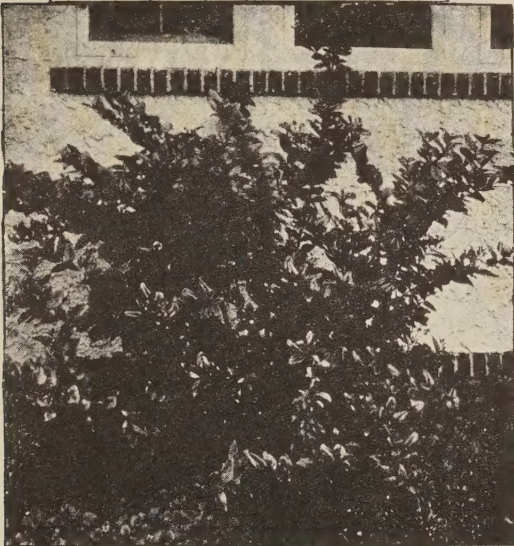
V. Tinus. Small-leaf Viburnum. A bush reaching 10 feet, covered with creamy white flowers in February. For specimens or hedges.

Above three varieties:

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.50
2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.75
3 to 4 ft. B&B	2.50

VIBURNUM ODORATISSIMUM. Sweet Viburnum. An evergreen with sweet-scented, white flowers. Growth vigorous and compact-spreading. A most desirable shrub for southern gardens highly recommended.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.25
2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.60
3 to 4 ft. B&B	2.50



Ligustrum lucidum

LIGUSTRUM lucidum. Glossy Ligustrum. Very bushy and compact, with dark, waxy leaves and panicles of white flowers. Birds love the large bunches of black berries. Excellent for foundation, hedge or specimen planting, for it can be pruned or allowed to grow into a small tree.

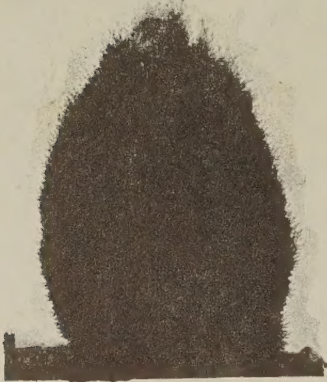
	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.50
3 to 4 ft. B&B	2.50
4 to 5 ft. B&B	5.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	10.00

L. japonicum aureum. Gold-tipped Ligustrum. Strong, upright grower with leaves margined yellow or gold. Very attractive.

Above two varieties:

	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.50
3 to 4 ft. B&B	2.50
4 to 5 ft. B&B	5.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	6.00

Coniferous Evergreens

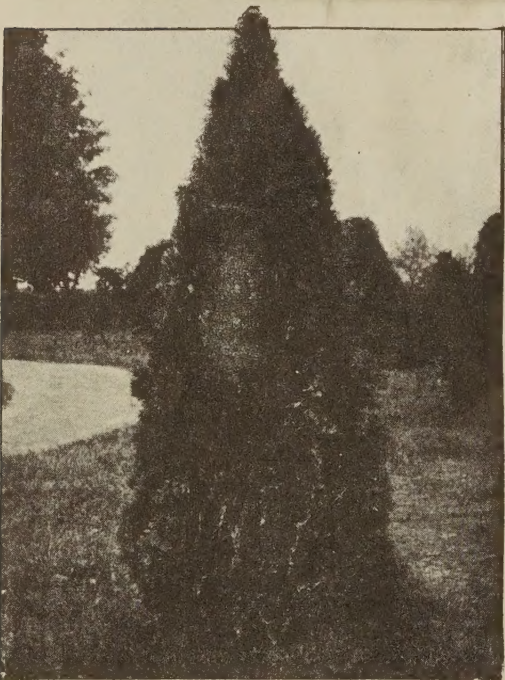


B. orientalis aurea nana. Dwarf Golden Arborvitae. Possibly the most popular Thuja for general use in the South and North. The golden yellow of the foliage makes a most pleasing contrast to the green of other evergreens. Specimens seem to be at their best when planted in well-drained soil and due to its extreme hardiness can be used in most any location. The dwarf, compact habit of this plant makes it suitable for small gardens, cemeteries and urns.

	Each
12 to 15 in. B&B	1.50
15 to 18 in. B&B	2.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.50

B. orientalis bonita. Dwarf Globe Arborvitae. This is a beautiful rich green variety, dwarf or of slow growth. It is cone-shaped and rather broad.

	Each
8 to 12 in. B&B	1.00
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.50
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.00



Biota orientalis pyramidalis
(Pyramidal Arborvitae)

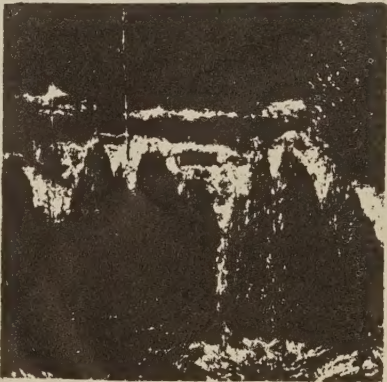
BIOTA orientalis pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitae. One of the finest conifers, widely used. A compact, pyramidal Arborvitae attaining a height of about 10 feet. Bright green and holds its color well

	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.25
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	4.00



JUNIPERUS chinensis Pfitzeriana. Pfitzer's Juniper. Has bushy, wide-spread horizontal branches and forms an immense, flat, irregular head of bluish green foliage, graceful in outline. Heat or cold, sun or shade, it does equally as well under all conditions.

	Each
30 to 36 in. B&B	3.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	5.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	10.00



J. excelsa stricta. Spiny Greek Juniper. A dwarf, compact, narrow, upright Juniper that does well under widely different conditions. Its grayish green color is very pleasing. Fine for foundation work.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.00
24 to 30 in. B&B	2.50
30 to 36 in. B&B	3.00

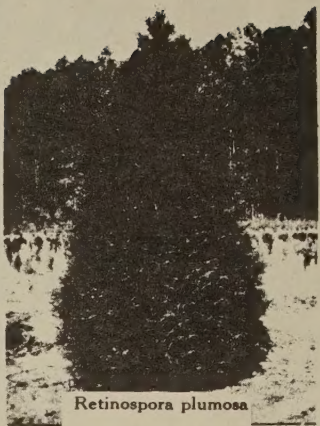
J. communis. English Juniper. Upright, dark green; slender, recurving branches. Can be pruned to any shape. Very hardy.

	Each
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	3.00



PODOCARPOS macrophylla maki. Yew Tree. Handsome evergreen with rather dark green foliage. Naturally makes a vase-shaped growth. Quite hardy.

	Each
12 to 18 in. B&B	1.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.50
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	3.50
4 to 5 ft. B&B	7.00



Retinospora plumosa



Retinospora plumosa aurea

R. plumosa. Plume Cypress. The main stems are erect, but the side shoots are gracefully plume-like. A good hedge plant.

R. plumosa aurea. Golden Plume Cypress. Like *R. plumosa* except that it has golden foliage.

(Sheared ball shape)	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00

RETINOSPORA ericoides. Cedar Cypress. This is a beautiful conifer, dense and compact in growth. Naturally it is an upright grower and may be pruned in very narrow, columnar shape. The foliage is a light, bright green.

	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.50



R. squarrosa Veitchii. Moss Cypress. Silvery blue foliage. A handsome form that grows rapidly and shears well. Erect in growth.

	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.50
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	3.00

Shade and Ornamental Trees



Cycas revoluta

CYCAS revoluta. Sago Palm. Dense symmetrical crown of dark green leaves. Excellent for formal use and adapted to house culture in sunny places, if given good drainage.

	Each
6 in. pots	1.50
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B	4.00



Albizzia

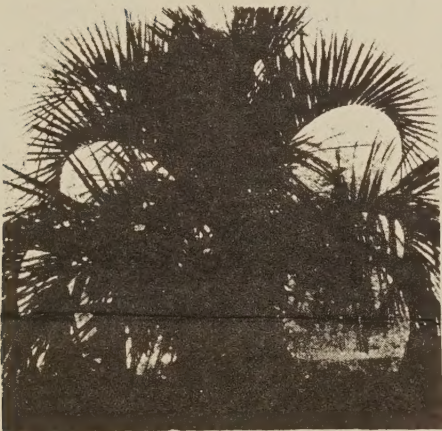
ALBIZZIA Julibrissin. Mimosa. A small, hardy, deciduous tree with low, spreading, flat-topped head and finely divided, dark green leaves. It blooms in the summer, bearing large clusters of pink flowers.

Bare roots.		Each
2 to 3 ft. B&B		1.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B		1.50
4 to 6 ft. B&B		3.00
6 to 8 ft. B&B		5.00
8 to 10 ft. B&B		10.00



CERCIS canadensis. Redbud. The American Redbud or Judas Tree is a small, nicely shaped, deciduous tree with rounded leaves and produces an abundance of rosy pink flowers in early spring. As the flowers appear before the foliage, a Redbud in full flower is a lovely picture.

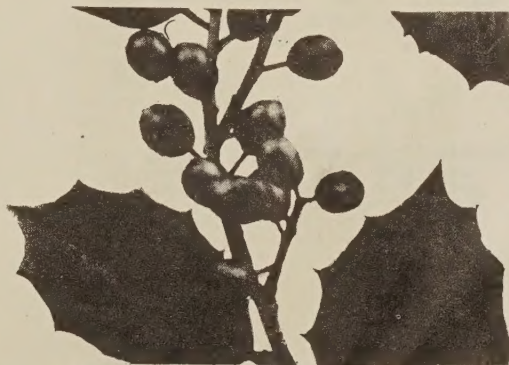
Bare root		Each
2 to 3 ft. . . . .		.75
3 to 4 ft.		1.00
4 to 6 ft.		3.00
6 to 8 ft.		5.00
8 to 10 ft.		10.00
B&B Double above prices		



Pinco Palm—Cocos australis

COCOS australis. One of the hardiest of Palms, with graceful blue-green foliage, producing a very fine effect. Since the plant is dwarf in growth, it is especially good for parkways and other formal plantings, as well as for pots and urns outdoors.

	Each
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.50
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.00



ILEX opaca. American Holly. The glossy-leaved, red-berried Holly that means Christmas to all Americans. Grows well in the South.

		Each
2 to 3 ft. B&B		2.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B		3.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B		5.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B		10.00
6 to 8 ft. B&B		15.00
8 to 10 ft. B&B		25.00



CORNUS florida. Flowering Dogwood. Small tree or large shrub with a spreading top. Pure white flowers come early in the spring, followed by scarlet fruits. Well known and well loved.

Bare root		Each
2 to 3 ft.		1.00
3 to 4 ft.		2.00
4 to 5 ft.		3.00
5 to 6 ft.		5.00
B&B Double above prices		



Chinese Elm

ULMUS pumila. Chinese Elm. Small tree with slender, often drooping branches. Leaves smooth above and glabrous beneath.

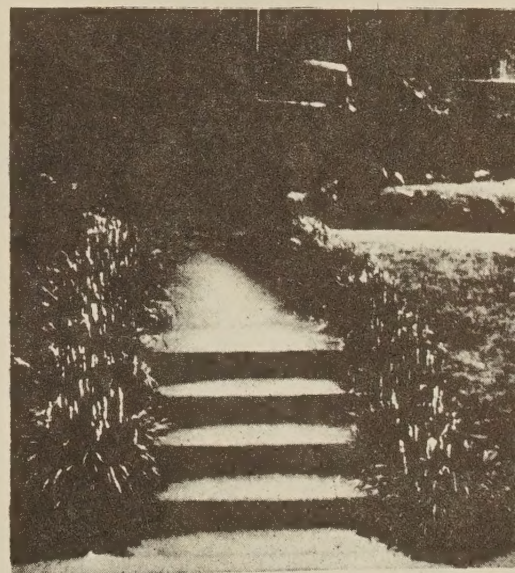
Bare roots		Each
3 to 4 ft.		1.50
4 to 6 ft.		3.00
6 to 8 ft.		5.00
8 to 10 ft.		10.00



CHINESE MAGNOLIA
Like big purple and white Lilies

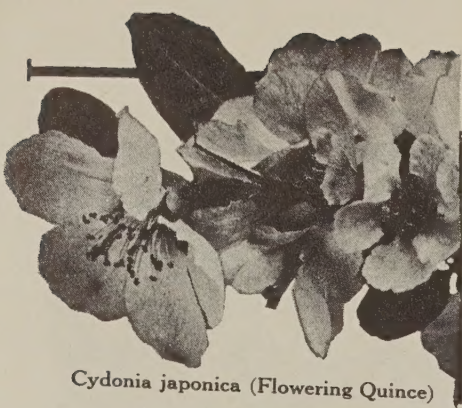
M. Soulangeana nigra. Chinese Magnolia. Large flowers that are dark purple outside and paler inside. Buds form in the winter months and bloom in late winter. Makes a quick growth and forms a large shrub anywhere. Very showy.

		Each
18 to 24 in. B&B		2.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B		2.50
3 to 4 ft. B&B		4.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B		5.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B		8.00
6 to 8 ft. B&B		10.00



LIRIOPE graminifolia. A low-growing, broad-leaved Grass with spikes of lavender flowers. Excellent in borders or shady places.

		Each
Medium clumps . . . . .		.35
Large clumps . . . . .		.50

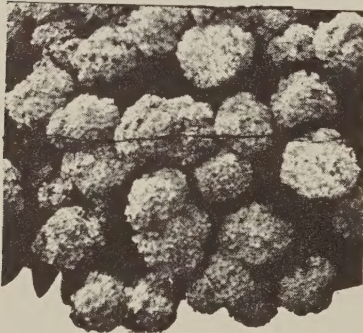


Cydonia japonica (Flowering Quince)

Flowering Shrubs

CYDONIA japonica. Flowering Quince. The earliest deciduous shrub to flower, its leafless branches displaying the brilliant rosy red flowers in January, and if cut before that time and placed in water in the house will even open up in December. All the Flowering Quinces have shiny foliage throughout the summer and like locations with plenty of sun.

Bare roots	Each
18 to 24 in.	1.00
2 to 3 ft.	1.50



Hydrangea

HYDRANGEA hortensis. French Hydrangea. Long a favorite of Florida gardens, with its large, bold foliage and heads of blue flowers that are immense.

Bare roots.	Each
18 to 24 in.	1.00
2 to 3 ft.	1.50
3 to 4 ft.	2.00



LAGERSTROEMIA indica. Crape Myrtle. Among the most important shrubs of the South, and as valuable here as the lilac in the North. A vigorous, well-grown plant that will attain a height of 15 to 20 feet, and be an immense bouquet of flowers in the summer and fall. Attracts much attention, especially from visitors of the North. Very hardy. **Watermelon-Red and Pink.**

Bare roots	Each
2 to 3 ft. . . . .	.75
3 to 4 ft.	1.00
4 to 6 ft.	3.00
6 to 8 ft.	5.00
8 to 10 ft.	10.00

WEIGELA rosea An attractive, vigorous-growing shrub with rose-colored flowers

Bare roots	Each
2 to 3 ft. . . . .	.75
3 to 4 ft.	1.00

DURANTA Plumieri. Golden Dewdrop. An evergreen shrub blooming all summer with racemes of lilac flowers followed by golden yellow berries that hang on all winter. Is rather tender and freezes to the ground some winters, but comes out again in the spring.

Bare roots.	Each
1 yr. plants	1.00
2 yr. plants	1.50



Spirea

S. Vanhouttei. A charming shrub of moderate size which almost everybody knows and wants in their garden. The arching, wreath-like branches are loaded with white flowers in the spring.

	Each
2 to 3 ft. . . . .	.75
3 to 4 ft.	1.00

PUNICA Granatum. Flowering Pomegranate. The ornamental Pomegranates are fast-growing shrubs with big, showy flowers 2 to 3 inches across, and borne in great profusion in early summer. The Flowering Pomegranates, considering the rich beauty of their flowers and rich bronze and green color of their foliage, are much to be desired in your garden. We highly recommend them for planting in corners, against walls where we guarantee them to be an unfailing source of beauty.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$.75
3 to 4 ft.	1.00

AZALEAS

Indian Azaleas, Group 1

BRILLIANT. Early to midseason. Compact, bushy plants with small leaves. Free bloomer, bearing flowers of a deep rose-pink.

CLEAR PINK. Late. A hardy, compact, free-flowering bush with fine foliage.

DUC de ROHAN. Medium-sized; salmon-pink.

GEORGE FRANC. A compact grower with very large pink flowers, shading to red in the center. This variety blooms early, and has as much or more spread than height.

GLORY OF SUNNINGHILL. Another compact growing variety with medium-sized, rather deep salmon flowers. Foliage is good and plant is vigorous.

INDICA ALBA. Blooms later than Fielder's White. Pure white and very hardy.

IVERYANA. Almost pure white, but most flowers have a fine penciling of rose-pink which is visible at close range, but from 10 feet or more the blooms seem all white. Rather low and spreading in growth. Blooms in February and March.

MME. FRYE. Light clear pink flowers and small shiny leaves make this an attractive plant at any season. Rather late to bloom and the plants are compact. When in flower a mass of color is all you can see.

PINK MACRANTHA. One of the most compact growers there is. Has a clear pink flower and blooms very late in the season, with a few flowers coming on the plants to June. An extremely hardy variety, never injured by cold.

PRIDE OF DORKING. Rose-red; large flower. Late bloomer.

PRIDE OF TALLAHASSEE. Deep pink blooms and very free flowering. Medium height. Midseason bloom. A strikingly beautiful plant.

PRINCE OF ORANGE. Tall growing variety with deep orange-red flowers. A good background plant, as it attains a height of 5 to 6 feet.

RED MACRANTHA. A very hardy deep orange-red variety. Rather tall growth with small glossy leaves.

VERVAINE. Late. Tall, open grower; free flowering. White bloom with red throat. Hardy.

PRICES OF GROUP 1

	Each
6 to 8 in. B&B	\$.50
8 to 12 in. B&B . . . . .	.75
12 to 15 in. B&B	1.00
15 to 18 in. B&B	1.50
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B	3.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	6.00

Indian Azaleas, Group 2

CONCINNA. Midseason. Strong, open growing variety; rosy lavender-lilac flower.

CREMENIA. Tall growth. Deep pink flowers, late bloom.

CROEMINA. Large flower; light pink. Compact.

ELEGANS. The fastest grower of any pink variety. A beautiful clear pink flower coming into bloom fairly early in the season. The bush makes a rank growth, spreads out well and is the top variety among the pink types.

FORMOSA. The giant among azaleas. Lavender flowers of very large size. The largest leaves of any Azalea, deep green. Compact and heavy bush which will outgrow any other Evergreen Azalea. Formosa is hardy, stands up and grows well, even under adverse conditions. A beautiful all-year evergreen as well as a persistent flowering one.

LEDIFOLIA ALBA. The hardest of the white Indian Azaleas. Leaves hairy. Flower petals separated at the ends giving the flowers the appearance of a star. Hardy to Washington.

OMURASAKI. Flowers almost identical with Formosa, plant somewhat lower and wider spreading, with slightly narrower leaves usually arranged in rosette form.

PRESIDENT CLAY. An early and free bloomer having bright brick-red flowers in profusion. This is the most vigorous-growing variety in the red sorts and one of the hardest. It is in the same class as Elegans and Formosa as to vigor of growth.

VITTATA FORTUNEI PURPUREA. A tall, very early blooming variety. Flowers rather light lavender with white variegations. This variety starts blooming in November and continues for some three months. A fine background plant for lower-growing varieties.

PRICES OF GROUP 2

	Each
8 to 12 in. B&B	\$.50
12 to 15 in. B&B . . . . .	.75
15 to 18 in. B&B	1.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.50
2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.50
3 to 4 ft. B&B	5.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	8.00

KURUME AZALEAS



Kurume Azaleas, Smothered with Blooms in the Spring

Kurume Azaleas

Hinodegiri. All you see is a brilliant mass of scarlet flowers when this hardy compact Azalea is in bloom. A shapely, dwarf plant ideal for a low hedge or facing down taller shrubbery.

Coral Bells. Large clusters of light salmon-pink hose-in-hose flowers. Very free blooming and a bushy plant.

Snow. Pure snow-white flowers on a plant with very glossy bright green leaves. The best dwarf white.

PRICES OF KURUME AZALEAS

	Each
6 to 8 in. B&B . . . . .	.75
8 to 12 in. B&B	1.25
12 to 15 in. B&B	1.75
15 to 18 in. B&B	2.50
18 to 24 in. B&B	3.00



Herme

SUPERB CAMELLIAS

THE ARISTOCRAT OF ALL FLOWERS



Chandleri elegans. Peony form

CAMELLIAS ON OWN ROOT

Group 1

- ALBA PLENA**—Large imbricated white. Early bloomer. Very fine white. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- ANNA BRUNNEAU**—Very large double salmon pink. Does best in shade. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- DEBUTANTE**—Peonyform. Delicate pink, early bloomer. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- DANTE**—Pure white, full double and symmetrical. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- EMPRESS**—Immense semi-dble. Pink with compact yellow stamens in center. Fine. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- LADY JANE GREY**—Semi-dble. Large red and white flower. Excellent. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- MATHOTIANA RUBRA**—Very large double red. Free blooming. One of the best. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- MIKENJAKU**—Very large semi-dble. Red and white blooms. Very beautiful. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- PERFECTION ALBA**—Full double. Pure white. Medium size. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- ROSEA SUPERBA**—Deep pink sport of Mathotiana Rubra. Very large double flower. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- VICTOR EMMANUEL**—Loose peony type. Very large. Deep velvety red. Fine. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- WM. S. HASTIE**—Full double. Dahlia flowered, dark red. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.

PRICES OWN ROOT GROUP 1

8-12 inch	\$2.00
12-18 inch	2.50
18-24 inch	3.50

CAMELLIAS ON OWN ROOT

Group 2

- AKEBONO**—Semi-dble. Clear pink. Slightly fragrant. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- BEAUTY OF HOLLAND**—A Herme sport, deep pink with white spots. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- CELESTINE**—Large, double, rose pink flower. 8-12 in. to 24-30 in.
- CHANDLERI ELEGANS**—Very large semi-dble. Deep pink and white. Some blooms have many small petals in center. 8-12 in. to 24-30 in.
- CHEERFUL**—Very double, bright cherry red with high pointed center. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- CLIVIANA**—Semi-dble. Light pink flower of large size. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- COMPTE de GOMER**—Double. Variegated white and delicate pink with irregular pencilings of old rose. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- CUP OF BEAUTY**—Semi-dble. Deep pink. Resembles cup and saucer when partly open. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- DERBYANA**—Semi-dble. to peonyform. Pink to deep red. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- HERME**—Large double. Light rose pink bordered with white. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- HINOMARU**—Formal deep red flower. Glossy deep green foliage. 8-12 in. to 12-18 in.
- HONOR de AMERIQUE**—Peonyform deep pink to red, often spotted white. Very large and handsome. 8-12 in. to 24-30 in.
- LADY VAN SITTART**—Semi-dble. to red depending on temperature. Recurved petals. 8-12 in. to 24-30 in.
- MATHOTIANA ALBA**—Large pure white with faint pink line. Full dble. Imbricated. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- MEIGS VARIEGATED**—Large, light rose pink, sometimes splotched white. Full dble. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- MILLE BEAU**—Peonyform flowers of various shades from almost white to red. No two flowers exactly alike. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- MONJISU**—Semi-dble. Red and white flowers. Somewhat recurved petals. 8-12 in. to 24-30 in.
- NOBLISSIMA**—Double peonyform, solid white flower. Golden stamens between the petals. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- PANACHE**—Large, double variegated. Clear white to clear deep pink. All blossoms different. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- PINK HERME**—Peonyform. Pink with stamens visible. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- PINK PERFECTION**—Shell pink and as its name implies, this camellia is really perfection. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- PROFESSOR SARGENT**—Peonyform almost round flowers. Crimson. Very hardy. 8-12 in. to 24-30 in.
- PURITY**—Pure white, double. Long season of bloom and cold resistant. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.

PRICES ON OWN ROOT GROUP 2

8-12 inch	\$1.50	24-30 inch	\$3.75
12-18 inch	2.00	30-36 inch	5.00
18-24 inch	2.75	3-4 Ft.	9.00

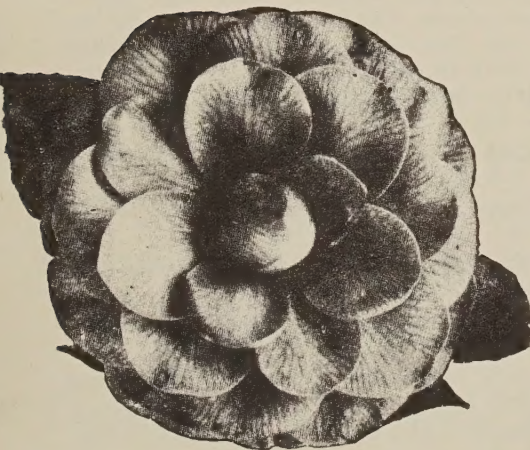
CAMELLIAS ON OWN ROOT

Group 3

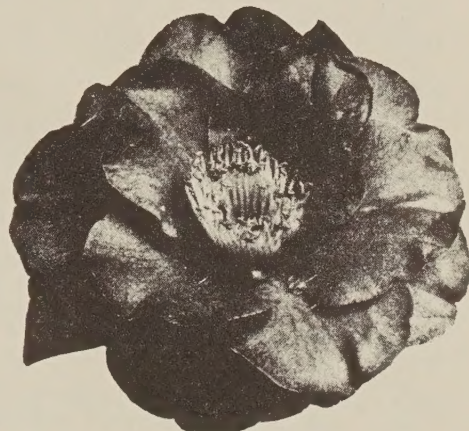
- HALLIFOLIA**—Clear light red, semi-dble. Golden anthered stamens in center. Very hardy. 8-12 in. to 6-7 ft.
- HENRI FAVRE**—Red penciled with white stripes lengthwise of the petals. Small variegation. 24-30 in. to 4-5 ft.
- LILYII**—Double imbricated. White and pink. 8-12 in. to 4-5 ft.
- MATOSE**—Full dble. Baby pink marbled with white. Early and profuse bloom. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- NO. 1 WHITE**—Full dble. White. Resembling in form and size the Pink Perfection. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- PENROSE**—Medium semi-dble. Red. Stamens showing in center. Rapid grower. 8-12 in. to 24-30 in.
- ROSITA**—Very dble. Rose pink flower. Petals in symmetrical rosette form. Strong grower. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- SARAH FROST**—Full dble. rose pink. Petals diminishing in size to the center. 8-12 in. to 6-7 ft.

PRICES ON OWN ROOT GROUP 3

8-12 inch	\$1.25	3-4 ft.	\$ 8.00
12-18 inch	1.75	4-5 ft.	10.00
18-24 inch	2.00	5-6 ft.	12.50
24-30 inch	2.75	6-7 ft.	15.00
30-36 inch	4.00		



Mathotiana Rubra.



LADY VAN SITTART

GRAFTED CAMELLIA PLANTS

Camellias are grafted in order to produce large bushy plants of fine varieties in a relatively short time. A fine Camellia variety grafted on an 8 to 10 years old Camellia understock will make a large sturdy plant in 3 to 4 years, while the same variety grown on its own roots from a cutting would take 12 to 15 years to make the same size plant.

The value of the understock used, the labor and time necessary to carry out the grafting process, and the losses incurred in grafting, are reasons why grafted plants must be relatively higher in price than own root plants. We cannot recommend grafted plants too highly because they are more vigorous in growth, and give you such quick results.

Grafted Camellias listed on following page.

GRAFTED CAMELLIAS

GRAFTED CAMELLIAS RARE VARIETIES

GROUP 1

- ADOLPHE AUDUSSON VARIEGATED** — Large semi-dble. Deep red, creamy white variegation. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- ALLEEN** — Predominately white sport of Donckelari, bright red edges and spots. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- FIMBRIATA SUPERBA** — Semi-dble. Deep flame red, wavy serrated petals. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- LINDSAY NEILL**—Semi-dble., loose peony type. Very dark red with white variegations. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- MAGNOLIAFLORA**—Large semi-dble. Recurved petals, light flesh pink. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- MOONLIGHT**—White with pink overcast. Large semi-dble. Vigorous grower. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- VILLE de NANTES**—Very fine large semi-dble. Red white variegation, has "Rabbit Ear" petals in center standing up from flower. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- WHITE QUEEN**—Very large semi-dble. White. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.

PRICES RARE VARIETIES GROUP 1

8-12 inch	\$ 7.50
12-18 inch	10.00
18-24 inch	13.50
24-30 inch	17.50
30-36 inch	22.50

FINE VARIETIES GROUP 2

- ADOLPHE AUDUSSON** — Deep red, semi-dble. Very large. Compact growth. Very fine. 8-12 in. to 4-5 ft.
- ALBA FIMBRIATA**—Imbricated white with petals serrated. Similar to Alba Plena. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- ANNA BRUNNEAU**—Very large double salmon pink. Does best in shade. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- ASPACIA**—(Variegated Emperor of Russia) Semi-dble., red with white blotches. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- AUNT JETTY** — Red semi-dble. Flowers large, heavy bloomer. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- BUSCH GARDEN RED**—Very large double red. 8-12 in. and 12-18 in.
- CATHERINE CATHCART**—Large, imbricated, soft pink with white spots. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- C. M. HOVEY**—(Mathotiana Rubra variant) Deep red, white variegated. Very large. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- DIAKAGURA** — Very early bloom, shell pink splashed white. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- DONCKELARI**—Large semi-dble. Red, white blotches. Good. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- FIREBRAND**—Fine semi-dble. Scarlet red. 8-12 in. to 12-18 in.
- GIGANTEA**—Immense semi-dble. Red with white markings. Sometimes mostly white. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- GLEN 40**—Large imbricated double red, sometimes white spots. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- IMURA**—Very fine white semi-dble. flower. Large with recurved petals. 18-24 in. to 4-5 ft.
- KUMASAKA**—Deep pink loose peony type. Form similar to Herme. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- LADY JANE GREY**—Semi-dble. Large red and white flower. Excellent. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- MARTHA BRICE**—Large semi-dble. Light pink, occasional white variegations. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- MATHOTIANA RUBRA** — Very large dble. red. Free blooming. One of the best. 8-12 in. to 4-5 ft.
- MIKENJAKU**—Very large semi-dble. Red and white blooms. Very beautiful. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- PRISCILLA BROOKS**—Large semi-dble. to peonyform. White with pink stripe. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- QUEEN BESSIE**—Semi-dble. Large clear white wavy petals. Yellow stamens. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- REV. JOHN BENNETT**—Large semi-dble. Salmon pink with pale lighter markings radiating from throat of flower. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- REV. JOHN G. DRAYTON**—Loose peony form. Deep pink with wavy petals. 18-24 in. to 30-36 in.
- ROSEA SUPERBA**—Deep pink sport of Mathotiana Rubra. Very large double flower. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- SENATOR DUNCAN U. FLETCHER**—Large peony type red flower. Excellent. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- SNOWDRIFT**—Snowy white. Semi-dble. Waterlily type. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- VARIEGATED EMPRESS**—Immense semi-dble. Pink with white blotches. 8-12 in. to 24-30 in.
- VICTOR EMMANUEL**—Loose peony type. Very large. Deep velvety red. Fine. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- WM. S. HASTIE**—Full dble. Dahlia flowered, dark red. 8-12 in. to 4-5 ft.

PRICES FINE VARIETIES GROUP 2

8-12 inch	\$4.00	24-30 inch	\$10.00
12-18 inch	5.00	30-36 inch	12.50
18-24 inch	7.50	3-4 ft.	15.00
		4-5 ft.	20.00

STANDARD VARIETIES

GROUP 3

- ARAJISHI**—Carnation type flower. Dark red. Dark glossy foliage. 8-12 in. to 12-18 in.
- AKEBONO**—Semi-dble. Clear pink. Slightly fragrant. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- ALBA PLENA**—Large imbricated white. Early bloomer. Very fine white. 8-12 in. to 4-5 ft.
- ALBA SUPERBA**—Large semi-dble. White, later than Alba Plena. 8-12 in. to 4-5 ft.
- BEAUTY OF HOLLAND**—A Herme sport. Deep pink with white spots. 24-30 in. to 4-5 ft.
- CELESTINE**—Large, double rose pink. 24-30 in. to 3-4 ft.
- CHANDLERI ELEGANS**—Very large semi-dble. Deep pink and white. Some blooms have many small petals in center. 8-12 in. to 5-6 ft.
- CUP OF BEAUTY**—(David Gerbing) Semi-dble. Deep pink. Resembles cup and saucer when partly open. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- DANTE**—Pure white. Full double and symmetrical. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- DEBUTANTE**—Peonyform. Delicate pink. Early bloomer. 8-12 in. to 5-6 ft.
- DERBYANA**—Semi-dble. to peony form. Pink to deep red. 24-30 in. to 5-6 ft.
- EMPRESS**—Immense, semi-dble. Pink with compact yellow stamens in center. Fine. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- HINOMARU**—Formal deep red flower. Glossy deep green foliage. 8-12 in. to 5-6 ft.
- HONOR d'AMERIQUE**—Peonyform deep pink to red, often spotted white. Very large flower of this type and very handsome. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- HERME**—Large double, light rose pink bordered with white. 24-30 in. to 3-4 ft.
- GLORY Yde NANTES**—Large semi-dble. Two peony type flower. Rose red. 24-30 in. to 5-6 ft.
- IMPERATOR**—Large double salmon pink. Stamens and petals intermixed. 18-24 in. to 3-4 ft.
- LA PEPPERMINT**—Double flowered. White and red stripe like peppermint candy. 8-12 in. and 12-18 in.
- LILA BRANCH**—Medium double. Salmon pink flower. 8-12 in. and 12-18 in.
- LURIES FAVORITE**—Crepe like petals, soft lavender pink, darker veins. Semi-dble. 8-12 in. and 12-18 in.
- LADY MARION**—Double pink, deeper on outer edge of petals. Vigorous grower. 30-36 in. to 5-6 ft.
- LADY VAN SITTART**—Semi-dble. pink to red depending on temperature. Recurved petals. 24-30 in. to 5-6 ft.
- LADY SUMEREZ**—Semi-dble ruby red. Yellow stamens. 30-36 in. to 4-5 ft.
- LILYH**—Double imbricated. White and pink. 30-36 in. to 4-5 ft.
- MILLE BEAU**—Peonyform flowers of various shades from almost white to red. No two flowers exactly alike. 30-36 in. to 5-6 ft.
- MAURICE HURST**—(Enrico Bettoni) Clear light pink. Semi-dble. to peonyform. Large. 30-36 in. to 5-6 ft.
- MONJISU**—Semi-dble. Red and white flowers. Somewhat recurved petals. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- MARTHA WRIGHT**—Semi-dble. Light pink. Very beautiful. 18-24 in. to 3-4 ft.
- PERFECTION ALBA**—Full double, pure white. Medium size. 8-12 in. to 5-6 ft.
- POPE PIUS IX**—Deep red full imbricated flowers. Large. 8-12 in. to 3-4 ft.
- PINK ELIZABETH**—Very double pure pink blooms with petals crinkled at ends. 8-12 in. to 18-24 in.
- PROFESSOR SARGENT**—Peonyform almost round flowers. Crimson, very hardy. 8-12 in. to 5-6 ft.
- PURITY**—Pure white double. Long season of bloom and cold resistant. 8-12 in. to 5-6 ft.
- PINK HERME**—Peony form. Pink with stamens visible. 18-24 in. to 5-6 ft.
- SWEETI-VERA**—Large, semi-dble. White with markings of delicate pink. 8-12 in. to 30-36 in.
- TRI-COLOR**—Semi-dble. White flowers with red and pink variegation. A hardy variety very resistant to cold injury. 30-36 in. to 5-6 ft.
- VEDRINE**—Large, loose deep peony type flower. 8-12 in. to 4-5 ft.
- WILLIAM PENN**—Peony like flowers. Deep purplish red with lighter red and white markings. 24-30 in. to 3-4 ft.

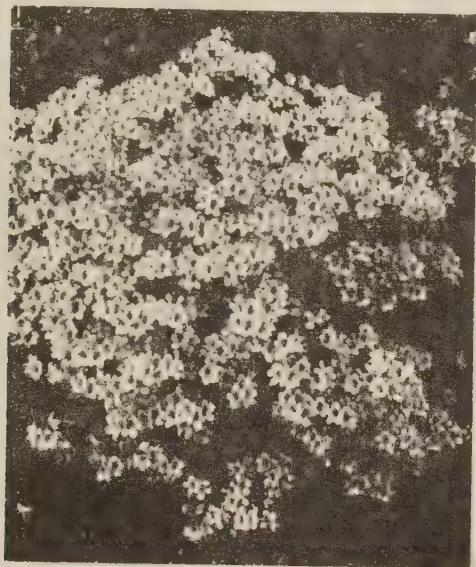
PRICES STANDARD VARIETIES GROUP 3

8-12 inch	\$3.50	30-36 inch	\$10.00
12-18 inch	4.50	3-4 ft.	12.50
18-24 inch	6.00	4-5 ft.	17.50
24-30 inch	8.00	5-6 ft.	22.50

AZALEA AND CAMELLIA

SPECIAL OFFERS

Here is your opportunity to get a good collection of Camellias or Azaleas at a Bargain Price. These are 2 year plants about 8 to 12 inch size, with a good heavy root system, and they come to you postpaid.



Azalea Special Offer No. 1

- 2 Light Pink Azaleas
- 2 Lavender "
- 2 White "
- 2 Deep Pink "
- 2 Red "
- 2 Medium Pink "

Above 12 Azaleas \$5.00 Postpaid

Azalea & Camellia Offer No. 2

- 1 Lavender Azalea
- 1 Orange Red "
- 1 Light Pink "
- 1 Red "
- 1 White "
- 1 Shell Pink Dble. Camellia
- 1 Red Semi-Dble. "
- 1 Dble. Variegated "
- 1 Dble. White "
- 1 Peony-type Variegated "

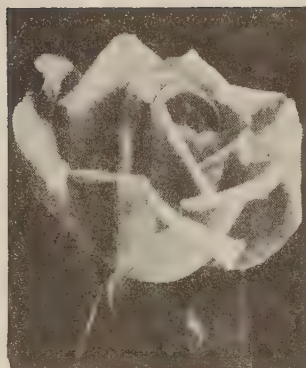
Above 5 Azaleas & 5 Camellias \$5.00 Postpaid

Camellia Special Offer No. 3

- 1 Semi-Dble. Red Camellia
- 1 Double Variegated "
- 1 Double Medium Pink "
- 1 Dble. Red White Stripes "
- 1 Double White "
- 1 Peony-type—variegated "
- 1 Double Red "
- 1 Peony type—White "

Above 8 Camellias \$5.00 Postpaid

ROSE BUSHES



Pink Radiance



Sunburst—Golden Yellow



Talisman

RED BUSH ROSES

Etoile de Hollande. We believe this is the finest red Rose grown. Flowers a glorious velvety crimson, almost black in the bud. With plenty of fertilizer it is very vigorous and produces plenty of flowers.

Red American Beauty. One of the old-time favorites. A strong, vigorous grower producing brilliant red flowers.

Red Radiance. The No. 1 Rose for the South. No Rose equals this for strong growth under adverse conditions, or for the great quantity of blooms it produces all through the season, even in the hottest part of the summer.

PINK BUSH ROSES

Mrs. Charles Bell. The illustrious shell-pink sport of Radiance. Good strong bush bearing plenty of flowers. One of the best all-season bloomers.

Pink Radiance. The original Radiance. Rose-pink flowers of good size and form. The yardstick by which other Roses are judged.

Editor McFarland. A strong growing variety of upright habit. Flowers clear deep rose-pink. Good form.

WHITE BUSH ROSES

Caledonia. Without a doubt, one of the finest white roses grown. The long snowy white buds are exquisite, and the blossoms possess a delicious fragrance. Takes many prizes at the flower shows.

Frau Karl Druschki. Known as the "White American Beauty." Very vigorous bushes and the largest flower of any white rose grown. While this is a Hybrid Perpetual Rose, in the South it is nearly everblooming.

YELLOW BUSH ROSES

Golden Ophelia. Medium-size yellow blooms. One of the heaviest-blooming varieties in the yellow Roses.

Lady Hillingdon. Pointed buds and cupped flowers of apricot-yellow. This has long been grown in the South and is an old favorite.

Luxembourg. A rich apricot-yellow, shaded copper. One of the strongest of the deep yellow varieties.

Sunburst. A golden yellow Rose living up to its name, and producing one of the most beautiful yellow flowers grown.

TWO-TONED ROSES

President Herbert Hoover. A wonderful multi-colored Rose combining many shades of cerise-pink, flame, scarlet, and yellow. Long, beautifully formed buds that open slowly and possess a most delicious fragrance.

Talisman. A brilliant flower combining orange-scarlet and golden yellow in irregular proportions. Very double, well-shaped.

Climbing Roses

Paul's Scarlet Climber. The most popular climbing Rose in the Southeast. Brilliant scarlet flowers, borne in great profusion in early spring.

Reine Marie Henriette. For many years the leading red climbing Rose. A great favorite.

2 YEAR FIELD GROWN ROSES IN ABOVE VARIETIES

Each
75c

12
\$6.00

Select Fruit and Nut Trees



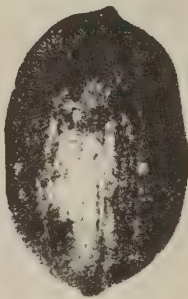
STUART



SCHLEY



MOORE



SUCCESS



MONEYMAKER

PECAN TREES

Moneymaker. This is an early bearer, prolific, healthy, and remarkably free from nut diseases that attack some of the Pecans. Size medium, rounded, oblong. A heavy bearer of splendid nuts.

Moore. A very consistent bearer, producing medium-sized nuts that are of the finest quality. Comparatively thin shell and plump kernel.

Schley. One of the finest Pecans. Very thin shell and meat that is of excellent flavor. Has few equals as a market nut.

Stuart. This Pecan thrives throughout the South and is a heavy bearer. It is extensively known. The nut has a shell of medium thickness and is of very good cracking quality.

Success. A good-growing, heavy-bearing tree. Nuts are oblong, with thin shell, and full of good-quality, juicy, sweet meat.



FRUIT OF THE NAGAMI KUMQUAT

KUMQUATS

Nagami. Vigorous; broadly upright; handsome. Fruit 1½ to 2 inches long; rind sweet; pulp and juice finely flavored. This tree forms a nice head.

	Each
12 to 18 in.	\$1.00
18 to 24 in.	1.50
2 to 3 ft.	2.00



Duncan Grapefruit

GRAPEFRUIT

Duncan. One of the very best for all uses, lacking nothing required for the table or market. Of good quality; juicy. Hardest of all Grapefruits.

	Each
18 to 24 in.	1.00
2 to 3 ft.	1.50



GRAPES

Concord. The most widely known and popular of all American Grapes. Produces profusely its medium-size bunches of blue-black Grapes, which everyone agrees have the finest flavor of any eastern variety. For Grape-juice and jelly there is nothing to excel it.

Niagara. The standard American green Grape, holding the same rank among the green kinds that Concord holds in the blacks. Berries large, pale yellow, tender, sweet, and juicy.

Above two varieties: Each

2 yr.50
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James. Berries large, blue-black, in clusters of from 6 to 10; skin thin; pulp tough, sweet, and juicy; quality good. A showy fruit.

Scuppernong. Berries large, seldom more than 8 to 10 in the cluster; color brown; skin thick; flesh pulpy; flavor sweet and of a peculiar musky aroma. Vine is free from all diseases and insects. Prolific and a sure bearer.

Above two varieties: Each

2 yr.75
---------------	-----



Celeste Figs

FIGS

Celeste. Juicy and sweet. A very desirable Fig for canning. Flesh a light rose at center. Early and hardy bearer.

Magnolia. A large, excellent variety, well liked throughout the South.

Above two varieties:

	Each
12 to 18 in.	\$.50
18 to 24 in. . . . .	.60
2 to 3 ft. . . . .	.75



Burbank

PLUMS

Abundance. An early red Plum with yellow flesh.

Burbank. Dark red with yellow flesh; sweet flavor.

Red June. The earliest sort.

Above three varieties:

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$.75
3 to 4 ft.	1.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.25



Thin-Shell Black Walnut

Rich nuts with a flavor all their own.

	Each
18 to 24 in. . . . .	.50
2 to 3 ft. . . . .	.75
3 to 4 ft.	1.00

Proper distances for planting

Satsuma Oranges	18 to 20 ft. each way
Peaches	18 to 20 ft. each way
Japan Persimmons	15 to 20 ft. each way
Pears	25 to 30 ft. each way
Pecans	50 to 60 ft. each way



SATSUMA ORANGES

Owari. Deep orange with smooth rind. Almost seedless. Vigorous and hardy tree.

	Each
18 to 24 in.	1.00
2 to 3 ft.	1.50

MULBERRIES

Hicks. Good fruit produced all summer by rapid-growing, early-bearing trees.

Stubbs. Large, acid, black fruits of best quality.

Above two varieties:

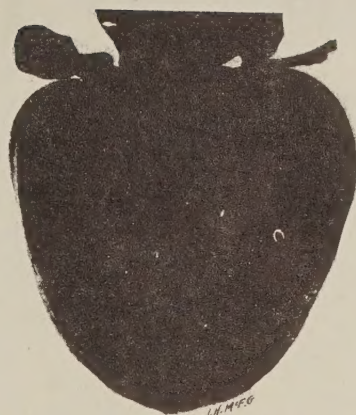
	Each
3 to 4 ft. . . . .	.75
4 to 5 ft.	1.00
5 to 6 ft.	1.25
6 to 8 ft.	1.50
8 to 10 ft.	2.00



Yellow Delicious

Yellow Horse: Most popular Southern Summer apple.
Red Delicious: Delicious, eating or cooking. Bears very young. Fine sauce. Summer favorite.
Yellow Delicious: Famous eating apple. October.
Red Beauty: Crisp, spicy and juicy. Early Red Wine-sap. June.

	Each
3 to 4 ft.	\$.75
4 to 5 ft.	1.00



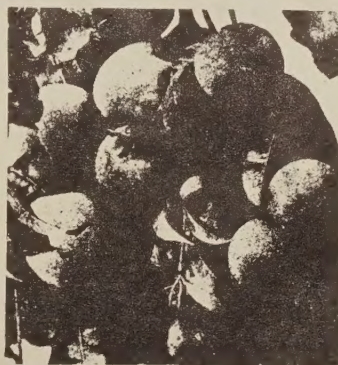
Tane-Nashi Persimmon.

PERSIMMONS

Fuyugaki. Deep red skin and light, very sweet flesh. The best shipper and keeper.

Tane-Nashi. Large to very large, roundish conical, very attractive; skin light yellow changing to bright red; flesh yellow, of finest quality. Very prolific and bearing quite young. The finest commercial sort and most popular for home use.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$.75
3 to 4 ft. . . . .	.90
4 to 5 ft.	1.00
5 to 6 ft.	1.50
6 to 8 ft.	2.00



PEACHES

Belle of Georgia. White with red cheek. A prolific bearer, widely used. Free.

Carman. Large; creamy white, with blush juicy. Fine free-bearing variety.

Elberta. This variety has been for many years, and still is, one of the finest Peaches. The name Elberta is almost as well known as the word Peach itself. Good-sized, oval, yellow fruits with red cheeks, juicy and well flavored, and bears consistently. Elberta is excellent for home and market.

J. H. Hale. Its exceptional appearance, quality, and heavy bearing habit have made it a profitable commercial variety even during years of low prices. Has yellow skin with markings of dark red and carmine. Fine flavor and juicy.

Mayflower. The earliest of all. Medium-size, creamy white fruits, mottled with dark red; semi-freestone; white, juicy flesh.

Above five varieties:

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$.60
3 to 4 ft. . . . .	.75
4 to 5 ft. . . . .	.80

PEARS

BALDWIN—Good flavor, vigorous grower. Ripens in August. Said to be Blight resistant.

KEIFFER—The well known cooking pear, and one of the leading commercial varieties.

PINEAPPLE—Has a distinct and pleasing odor resembling that of a Pineapple. One of the best for the deep South as it is practically blight proof.

3 to 4 ft.	1.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.50
5 to 7 ft.	2.00



NEW "SEN. CLARKE" PEAR

This is a NEW pear which we have been testing on our place here for the past 10 years, and it is being introduced for the first time this season. The Sen. Clarke makes a stocky tree with a good spread, and bears generous crops of pears weighing from 1/2 pound up to 1 pound. The fruit is fine grained, juicy and sweet, a really fine eating pear for the south that is very blight resistant. We have been looking for such a pear for a long time, and at last have one which we believe meets the requirements.

There are only a few hundred trees available this season, so place your order early.

Prices Sen. Clarke Pear

2 to 3 ft.	1.50 each
3 to 4 ft.	2.00 each
4 to 5 ft.	2.50 each

Fertilizing

Almost any plant will do better if given a balanced fertilizer. Commercial fertilizer 5-7-5 formula is good on most garden shrubs, trees, and fruit and nut trees. This should be applied about the middle of March, or if the plants are set late in the spring, about two months after the plants have been set out. In this case plants set in March would be fertilized in May after the new roots had started to grow. The amount of fertilizer required varies with the size of the plant. A half pound per plant on the average 2 to 3-foot plants would be about right. Keep the fertilizer out about 6 inches to a foot from the trunk of the tree or plant, scatter it on top of the soil, and water it in.

TERMS OF BUSINESS:

All prices listed are F.O.B. Monticello, Fla. Terms Cash with order, or 25% cash, balance COD. Pecans larger than 2-3 ft. and fruit trees larger than 3-4 ft. must be shipped express as they are too large for Parcel Post. If your express office is different from your Post Office please note this on order. Unless otherwise specified trees will be shipped by express.

How to Plant Bare-Rooted Plants and Trees

Trees lose part of their root system in transplanting, and it is best to cut part of the top back to balance up. The hole for planting should be dug deep enough and wide enough to accommodate the roots without cramping them. Side roots should be spread out in a natural position and not packed downward. Any broken roots should be pruned off, and the ends of any roots that are bruised should also be pruned back slightly. You can see where the soil-line on the tree is, and the trees should be set from 1/2 to 1 inch lower than this soil-line. Use good top-soil, finely pulverized, in filling in. Put in some soil, then work it around the roots, keeping the side roots out sideways and not packing them downward. Pack the soil firmly around the roots when you put it in. When the hole is filled to within 2 to 3 inches of the top, fill it with water and let it soak down. Do this two or three times until you are sure the soil is thoroughly saturated to the bottom of the hole. Then, fill up the hole nearly to the ground-level with loose soil, and do not pack this.

MAHAN PECANS

You Can Grow the World's Finest Pecans in Your Yard

Mahan trees are vigorous growers with extra-large leaves, and make as fine a shade tree as any you can plant. In addition they start bearing the second or third year and rapidly increase in production so that in a short time you will have all the fine Pecans you want for home use, and a surplus to sell.

With each order for Mahan trees we send full instructions for proper planting and care that will insure your getting the best and quickest crops.

Plant a few Mahan trees in your yard and you will certainly be proud of the enormous Pecans they produce.

Every Mahan tree is guaranteed to grow, and any that might, for any reason die within one year of shipping date, will be replaced f. o. b. Monticello for only \$1.00.



PRICES ON MAHAN TREES F. O. B. MONTICELLO

	Each
1 to 2 ft.	2.00
2 to 3 ft.	3.00
3 to 4 ft.	4.00
4 to 5 ft.	5.00
5 to 6 ft.	5.50
6 ft. up	6.00

MAHANS BEAR — EVERYWHERE

"I bought one of your MAHAN trees four years ago, and think it one of the finest trees I ever saw. Made pecans the third year, and is now about 20 feet high."

JESSE J. SMITH, Deep Run, N. C.

"My 4-year old MAHAN trees are the talk of the community. These young trees are laden with clusters of the largest pecans I ever saw. These clusters have from 5 to 9 nuts each. Only this afternoon I counted 32 pecans on one small limb. My only regret is that we didn't get acquainted sooner."

J. B. PARSELL, Florence, S. C.

"I've been planting pecans for 30 years, and I find the MAHAN the most vigorous grower, and the earliest and most prolific bearer in my grove. Counting size, cracking quality, richness and percentage of meat, the MAHAN has all competition pushed off the board."

W. W. HICKS, Dadeville, Ala.

"I am so well pleased with the six MAHAN Pecan Trees. I planted four years ago that I want you to ship me 11 more trees."

PHIL WALTZ, Ruston, La.

Plant Mahan Pecans
for Greatest Profits

• The Georgia Coastal Plain Experiment Station recently completed a 12-year test they made of sixteen of the most popular varieties of pecans. The results of this test are shown in the table at the right.



MAHAN PECANS (ACTUAL SIZE)

Note that the MAHAN not only led the field, but was WAY OUT IN FRONT—not only in the size of nuts, but in the average annual yield. Isn't this convincing proof to you that the MAHAN is the pecan you've been looking for?



GEORGIA COASTAL PLAIN EXPERIMENT STATION PECAN VARIETY TEST FIRST TWELVE YEARS IN TRIAL GROUNDS

VARIETY	Date Harvested	Age of Tree Yrs.	No. of Crop Yrs.	No. Crops Produced	No. Nuts per Lb.	Kernel %	Av. Annual Yield per Tree Over Entire Bearing Period	Total Yield per Tree Over Entire Bearing Period	
								Lbs. Nuts	Lbs. Kernel
Mahan	10-29	12	10	9	47	51	12.47	124.78	63.64
Moore	10-10	12	10	10	84	44	10.31	103.13	45.38
Success	10-16	12	9	9	65	49	11.07	99.67	48.84
Moneymaker	10-18	12	10	10	58	43	9.53	85.80	36.89
Farley	11-6	12	9	9	62	53	9.34	84.14	44.59
Bradley	11-5	12	9	9	70	44	7.91	71.19	31.32
Tesche	11-1	12	9	9	72	43	7.81	70.30	30.23
Big Z	11-2	12	9	8	64	49	7.24	65.20	31.95
Oklahoma	10-20	12	8	8	60	45	7.79	62.35	28.06
Schley	10-20	12	8	8	80	55	6.91	55.30	30.41
Curtiss	10-26	12	8	8	102	54	5.38	43.05	23.25
San Saba	10-18	11	7	6	97	57	5.81	40.67	23.18
Pabst	11-4	12	8	7	65	44	4.92	39.39	17.33
Western Schley	10-14	12	8	8	68	55	4.33	38.68	21.27
Williamson	10-14	12	8	8	63	51	4.29	34.35	17.52
Stuart	10-29	12	8	8	56	45	3.82	30.56	13.75

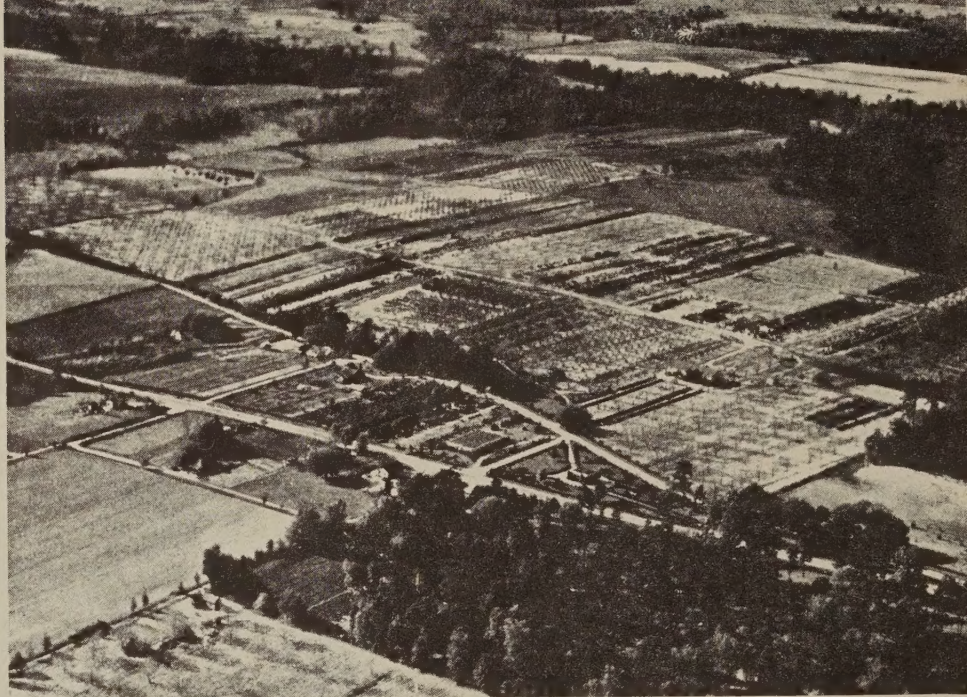
THE MAHAN PECAN
IS PROPAGATED AND OFFERED EXCLUSIVELY BY THE
MONTICELLO NURSERY CO., Monticello, Florida



The State of Florida has honored Mr. Fred A. Mahan, owner of the Monticello Nursery Co., by naming the Highway between Monticello and Tallahassee, Fla. "The Fred Mahan Drive."

For many years Mr. Mahan has furnished plants and supervision to landscape this 26 mile stretch of highway with many thousands of plants and trees, and it is known as one of the most attractive roads in the State.

Above is one of the bronze markers that have been placed at each end of the Fred Mahan Drive.



Aërial View of Nursery

This picture shows you a little over half of the 600 acres of fine nursery stock grown by us. In it also is a part of the orchards of heavy-bearing Pecans from which we get the budwood to grow the nursery trees.

This is one of the largest nurseries in the South, and includes most of the plants that are satisfactorily grown south of the Mason-Dixon's Line.

CAMELLIAS . EVERGREENS . ROSES . FLOWERING SHRUBS
AZALEAS . PECANS . SATSUMAS . FRUIT TREES

MONTICELLO NURSERY Co.

MONTICELLO • FLORIDA